



Topic B: Rohingya Children Refugee Crisis

In August 2017, armed attacks, massive-scale violence, and violations of human rights flooded Myanmar's Rakhine State. Eight years after families fled violence, uncertainty about the future persists. About half a million Rohingya refugee children are growing up in the world's largest refugee camp, with many of them being born refugees. The Rohingyas depend entirely on humanitarian assistance for protection, food, water, shelter, and healthcare. More than 500,000 Rohingya children need help. In Myanmar, most Rohingya have no citizenship or official status. Children have been deprived of basic rights like safety from violence, citizenship, free movement, healthcare, and education.

It is of greatest importance that the rights and dignity of Rohingya child refugees are respected and promoted, ensuring their education, access to health care, and other services such as clean water and sanitation, as well as access to adequate opportunities, making sure that children are prepared to return to a life of dignity in their homeland.